

LEGISLATIVE.

(Condensed from Walter's Daily Journal.)

SATURDAY, Nov. 12.

SENATE.—Prayer by the Chaplain. Engrossed Bills—to prevent circus riding, &c., incorporating the Otouquechee manufacturing co., severally read a third time and passed.

HOUSE.—Bills passed.—Incorporating Great Falls company, Castleton, Salisbury, Marshfield, Sunderland mining and East Bethel manufacturing companies—raising mileage of members of legislature to 10 cents, 106 to 81—establishing permanent salaries of certain officers, ayes 139 noes 43—incorporating Lamelle grammar school—assessing tax for support of government—making appropriations for support of government.

SENATE.—Slavery in the District of Columbia; Mr. Grandy called up the resolution upon the subject, when Mr. Smilie moved an amendment, by adding the words "if it can be done in a constitutional and legal manner, and without increasing the burthens of the slaves in the adjoining States," accepted. Mr. Hammond moved to amend the resolution, by inserting in the appropriate place the word "slave trade"—accepted by Mr. Grandy. Mr. Young then moved to erase the words "in a constitutional and legal manner," proposed by Mr. Smilie and accepted by Mr. Grandy. Opposed by Messrs. Sheldon, Smilie and Waterman, and supported by Mr. Young, who assumed as an undeniable fact the constitutional right of Congress to entire control over the District of Columbia. This, and other propositions of amendment brought out many of the senators in a most interesting and animated debate, which was here sketchy, and may publish as our limits will permit. The resolution was finally laid on the table for further action, yeas 17, noes 8.

Bills passed: authorizing treasurer to borrow not exceeding \$40,000—appropriating \$2000 for the Asylum for the Insane.

SENATE.—Evening session. Bills from the house: incorporating Sunderland lead mining and manufacturing Co.; more effectually to prevent gambling; making an appropriation of \$2000 to the Vermont Asylum for Insane; authorizing the treasurer to borrow not exceeding \$4000; severally read twice and referred to appropriate committees.

MONDAY, Nov. 14.

SENATE.—Prayer by the chaplain. Bills passed:—providing compensation for county clerks and sheriffs; relating to mileage of members; assessing a tax of 3 cents on the dollar for the support of government; making appropriations for do.; authorizing the Treasurer to borrow not exceeding \$10,000; in favor of Farrand & Merrill; making appropriation to the Vermont Asylum for the Insane; incorporating the Sunderland Lead mine co.; the Marshfield manufacturing co.; relating to highways; in relation to common schools; relating to public buildings; relating to transfer of Turnpike stock.

HOUSE.—Mr. Brewster introduced a resolution for an evening session—agreed to.

Dismissed.—Bill relative to elections. Laid on the table.—Bill relative to town meetings.

Bills passed.—Relative to certain fees of Co. clerks and sheriffs—incorporating Otouquechee manufacturing co.—relative to land taxes—dividing Orleans grammar school lands, a motion of Mr. Twilight to dismiss having been negatived 141 to 29—in favor of Lyndon grammar school 78 to 58—incorporating Vergennes Hydraulic co., Burlington Female seminary, Wells river manufac. co. Otter Creek manufac. co.—altering names of certain persons.

The bill appropriating \$3000 for survey of Eastern rail-road route, \$2000 for the Western, and \$1000 for the Central, was supported by Messrs. Fairbanks, Sargeant, Needham of B., and Tracy, and opposed by Messrs. Fitch, Sawyer of H., Smith of M., Dee, and Buckmaster—the House refused to refer it to the next session 105 to 66, ordered to a 2d reading 65 to 63, and to a third reading, without a division.

The House proceeded to consider the bill abolishing imprisonment for debt.—Mr. Goodale said the bill was not what he pretended to be—he its title should have been "an act for the protection of rogues, robbing the face of the poor, and encouraging lawyers." The motion was supported by Messrs. Goodale, Rice of Somers, Pierce, Tracy, and opposed by Messrs. Needham of B., Sargeant and Smith of M.—ayes 88, noes 87, so the bill was dismissed.

TUESDAY, Nov. 15.

SENATE.—Mr. Briggs called up his motion to reconsider the vote assigning Thursday morning as the day of adjournment; vote reconsidered, when Mr. Briggs moved to amend the resolution by raising Thursday and substituting Friday. Mr. Merrill was opposed to the proposition—there was business, of urgent importance enough to occupy the time until Tuesday of next week. If the adjournment was to take place on Friday, many of the members could not reach their homes without travelling upon the Sabbath, or putting up at expense. He did not think it right, himself to travel on the Sabbath, or for the Legislature to set the example—law makers should not be law breakers. Mr. Sheldon moved to lay the resolution upon the table, Messrs. Briggs and Bell opposed the motion, and it was lost. The amendment prevailed, and the Senate concurred in the resolution as amended, to adjourn without day on Friday morning next.

Bills.—Establishing permanent salaries for certain officers, reported by com. proposing to add to the proposed salary of

sec. of state, so that it amount to \$350; amendment lost, and on motion of Mr. Sheldon the blank was filled with \$400—librarian \$100—engrossing clerk \$175; read a third time and passed.

HOUSE.—Bills passed—in relation to common schools—appropriating \$2000 for survey of Eastern railroad route, 96 to 52.

Dismissed.—Bill to charter Poultny bank, rejected, ayes 67, noes 112.

The Senate came in and the joint committee made the following appointments: **WINDSOR COUNTY.** Daniel Bowen, Sheriff, Salathiel Adams, Ezra Putnam, Hop Inspectors. Com. adj. to to-morrow afternoon.

The report on the subject of slavery was considered; the first resolution declared that Congress and the States have no power to prevent the transmission of papers by mail, &c.—the second, that Congress has power over slavery in the District of Columbia—and the third for the transmission of the two first to other States. Mr. Needham of B. moved to refer the whole matter to the next legislature: discussed by Messrs. Needham, Hastings, Buckmaster, Haswell, Brewster, Vilas, and withdrawn. Mr. Stevens of R. moved to dismiss—Mr. Haswell and Needham of B. supported and C. K. Field opposed it—negatived. Mr. Tracy supported the 1st resolution, and it was adopted. Messrs. C. K. Field, Hale, Fitch and Goodale supported the second, and it was adopted. The third was adopted without discussion.

Referred to next session—Bill to charter Washington Co. bank, 90 to 78, a motion to dismiss having been negatived 80 to 77.

EVENING SESSION, Nov. 15.

HOUSE.—The select com. on licenses made a long report, 500 copies of which were ordered to be printed.

WEDNESDAY, Nov. 16.

SENATE.—Slavery in the District of Columbia—The order of the day was announced by the President, and the resolution, on motion of Mr. Briggs, again laid upon the table.

Temperance bill.—Called up by Mr. Howe, the question being upon the proposition to raise the penalty for infractions of the law, from ten to twenty dollars. Mr. Briggs moved its indefinite postponement, when the Senate adj.

2 o'clock, P. M.

Bills referred.—extending the limits of jail yards in this state, to the limits of the respective counties, referred to committee on the judiciary.

Slavery.—The report and accompanying resolutions of the committee of the house, to whom was referred certain communications from the executives of other States on the subject of slavery, were read, and on motion, referred to the committee on the judiciary.

On motion of Mr. Porter the vote on the passage of the bill relating to common schools, was reconsidered, and the bill rejected.

Temperance bill.—The question being upon Mr. Briggs' motion of indefinite postponement; Mr. B. withdrew the motion, and the bill, on motion of Mr. Bell, was laid upon the table.

Surplus revenue.—The Senate resumed consideration of this subject as in com. of the whole, Mr. Converse in the chair, when Mr. Young offered an amendment, in pursuance of his suggestion in the forenoon, as accepted by Mr. Pierpoint.

[This amendment requires the state treasurer to receive the surplus whenever paid by the U. S., deliver it over to the trustees to be appointed by the several towns for that purpose, in proportion to the population of the several towns in 1830; to be loaned to the citizens at 6 per cent.; the principal to remain the property of the several towns, unless called for by the United States; the interest to be appropriated to the support of common schools; distribution of interest to be equalized after 1840, according to the then population of the towns.] Amendment adopted, and bill referred to select com. Messrs. Pierpoint, Porter, and Hebard.

Bills.—To pay Lebbeus Egerton \$2,727 27, for services as superintendent of state house, referred to com. on finance; incorporating Enosburgh beet root sugar manufac. co., referred to com. on manufactures. Adj. to eve.

HOUSE.—The House proceeded to consider the bill to pay Lebbeus Egerton \$750 per annum for services as superintendent of state house, the question being to reduce the sum to \$600—supported by Messrs. Tracy and Dewey of G., opposed by Messrs. Fitch, Nash and Needham of B.—before the question was put.

The Senate came in, and the joint committee made the following appointments: **GRAND ISLE COUNTY.** Wm. Wait, 1st Assistant Justice, Harry B. Mott, Sheriff, Pardon T. Kimball, Brig. General, 1st Brigade 1st Division.

WASHINGTON COUNTY. Joseph Howes, Luther Cross, Thomas Needham, jail commissioners. L. L. Lamb, Inspector of Hops.

The Senate retired, and the House resumed consideration of the amendment to the bill to pay Lebbeus Egerton and it was rejected. Mr. Dewey of G. moved to amend so as to make the sum of \$750 payment in full—opposed by Messrs. Curtis and Hale and rejected. The bill was passed.

Bills passed.—incorporating Enosburgh beet root sugar manufac. co.

SENATE.—evening session, Nov. 16.

Slavery.—Mr. Briggs from the com. on the judiciary, reported the resolution upon this subject, referred to them in the afternoon, which proposed amendments, which were concurred in, excluding the report, and the first resolution adopted, as follows:

Resolved, By the General Assembly of the State of Vermont, that neither Congress, nor the State governments, have

any constitutional right to abridge the free expression of opinions or the transmission of them through the medium of the public Mr. Waterman demanded the yeas and noes on the second resolution, and it was adopted as follows:

Resolved, That Congress do possess the power to abolish slavery in the District of Columbia.

The third resolution, passed without debate, as follows:

Resolution, That his Ex. the Gov. be requested to transmit a copy of the foregoing resolutions to the Executives of each of the States, and to each of our Senators and Representatives in Congress.

Bills.—appropriating \$25000 for completing the State House, read a 3d time and passed.

HOUSE.—Passed—Bills—appropriating \$25,000 for State House—to incorporate Bennington manufac. and printing co.—to incorporate Tumbling Falls manufac. co., West Townshend manufacturing co.

Dismissed.—resolution for exempting mechanic's stock from taxation—resolution instructing delegation in Congress relative to slavery in District of Columbia (rejected)—fixing places for holding courts in Addison Co.—to repair state arms—to abolish imprisonment for debt, (the bill referred from the last session,)—the bills from the last session to charter Black River bank, Rutland railroad bank, Springfield bank.

Referred to next session—Report of com. on education on the subject of University of Vermont—bill to charter banks at Bradford, Castleton—to reduce into one the several acts relative to the city of Vergennes—incorporating Rutland and Middlebury railroad co.—abolishing capital punishment—relative to witnesses—memorial of faculty of Middlebury college.

The House refused to reconsider the vote dismissing the bills to charter the bank of Brandon and the Black river bank.

THURSDAY, Nov. 17.

SENATE.—Prayer by the chaplain.

Bills.—incorporating the Enosburgh beet root sugar manufacturing co., read a third time and passed.

Surplus revenue.—on motion of Mr. Steele, the senate resumed the consideration of this subject, the question being the same as at the adjournment last evening; when Mr. Hebard moved to commit the bill for further amendment, bill committed.—Mr. H's amendment concurred in, when the bill was read a third time and passed.

Bills.—incorporating the bank of Poultny, on motion of Mr. Porter, indefinitely postponed.—incorporating the Tumbling Falls manufacturing company, read a 3d time and passed.—to pay Lebbeus Egerton the sum therein mentioned.—A motion to fill the blank with \$3,500 was negatived, when the blank was filled with the sum of \$3,000, the bill was read a third time and passed.

HOUSE.—Prayer by Rev. Mr. Kelley. Bills passed.—Relating to public buildings—incorporating Manchester cotton and woollen manufac. co.—incorporating Guildhall bridge co.—relative to transfer of turnpike stock.

The committee on grand list made report, which was read, and it was resolved that Wallingford be doomed in the sum of \$1000, and Castleton in \$800.

The Senate returned the salary bill with proposition to amend, raising salary of Sec. of Sen. from \$200 to \$275, House con. Assistant Sec. 100 to 150 House con. Sec. of civ. & mil. af. 100 to 200 House con. Ass't cl'k of House 100 to 150 House con. Sec. of State 300 to 400 non-con in. Engrossing clerk 150 to 175 non-con in. Librarian 50 to 100 non-con in.

The Senate returned the surplus revenue bill, with amendments, which were concurred in, 184 to 2—ayes Messrs. Tracy and Whitney.

SENATE.—Bills—relating to the support of common schools, read a third time and passed.

Resolution.—from the house, dooming the town of Dorset, Wallingford, Castleton and Rutland, committed to com. on finance.

Bill.—establishing salaries of certain officers, returned from the house, by the clerk, informing that the house persist in their disagreement; Senate adhered to their vote and appointed a committee of conference on its part, and invited the appointment of a similar com. on the part of the house. Committee of the Senate Messrs. Pierpoint, Hebard and Watson.

Bills.—to pay Lebbeus Edgerton \$3,000, sent up from the house, nonconcurrent. On motion of Mr. Howe, the Senate receded from its proposed amendment, and passed the bill; extending the limits of jail yards in this state, reported by com. with amendments, which were nonconcurrent in, the second section stricken out, and the bill rejected.

Mr. Van Sicken, from the committee of finance, to whom was referred the resolution from the house, dooming Dorset and Rutland, reported that the former ought not to be doomed; the latter ought to be doomed in the sum of \$1,000. Mr. Pierpoint addressed the Senate against the report and resolution. Mr. Van Sicken replied in favor, followed by Mr. Howe, opposed, when the resolution was so amended as to doom the towns of Wallingford, Castleton and Rutland, and passed.

HOUSE.—the bill to pay Lebbeus Edgerton, proposing \$3,000—non concurrent in, 80 to 47.

The Senate returned the bill establishing certain salaries, having resolved to insist upon their proposed amendments; the House resolved to insist upon their disagreement.

SENATE.—Bills—making an appropriation for surveys, reported, with amendments; bill amended, by adding appropriations for surveys on the west side of the

mountain, and from Burlington to Connecticut river, through Montpelier, from Orleans county to Lake Champlain, and from Brandon to Lake Champlain, thro' Orwell, read a third time, yeas 17, noes 6, and passed; more effectually to prevent gambling, amended, read a third time and passed—for the protection and education of apprentices, &c., read a third time and passed.

Messrs. Pierpoint and Hammond were appointed a committee to inform the Governor that the Senate, on its part had completed the business of the session.

Adjourned without day.

HOUSE.—Evening session.

The Senate returned the resolution dooming certain towns with amendment, dooming Wallingford and Rutland \$1000, and Castleton \$800—concurred in.

The com. on education reported that it is inexpedient to legislate at this time on the subject of geological survey of the state.

The com. of conference on the salary bill reported against increasing the salary in the bill of Sec. of State—in favor of placing the salary of engrossing clerk at \$175, and of the Librarian at \$75; House concurred.

The House resumed consideration of the militia bill—Messrs. Cushman, Needham of B. Smith of M. supported, and Messrs. Smith of St. A. Fitch, Goodale and Tracy opposed the bill, and it was rejected.

The Senate returned the bill for survey of eastern rail-road route, proposing to appropriate among other routes \$3000 for the western route—opposed by Messrs. Vilas, Smith of M. and others and negatived nearly unanimously.

The bill relative to common schools was read a 3d time and dismissed.

The amendments of the Senate to the bill to prevent gambling were concurred in.

A message was received that the Senate had completed its business. A similar message was sent from the House to the Senate and Governor, and

On motion of Mr. Foote, the House adjourned without day.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

GOOD SYMPTOMS.—When we commenced this paper, our friends advised us not to print more than 3,000 copies. We saw, however, that unless we circulated 15,000 copies, it would not do to put our terms as low as we thought it necessary, to give all an opportunity to read the work 15,000 were published. In four months after the first number was issued, we had 15,000 subscribers. 5,000 copies of the back numbers were reprinted. These lasted till the seventh number, when our subscription list numbered 20,000 subscribers. We then reprinted the back numbers to the amount of 10,000 copies more, which now makes a monthly publication of 30,000 copies! The numbers are so connected, that the back ones are always desired. We ask if these are not good symptoms? Is not education the great thing before the public mind.—*Common School Assistant.*

HORRIBLE ACCIDENT BY POWDER IN RUMFORD.—On Monday week, the store of Ous C. Boister, Esq. in Rumford, was blown up by a cask of powder being set on fire. Mr. Boister had just been getting a stock of goods in his store, and among other articles was a cask of powder. His customers had been trying the powder, and had left some particles upon the top of the cask. Mr. Boister's boy, nine years old, in order to amuse himself, and in the absence of his father, took a coil of fire and thus set the particle in a blaze. Two other young lads were also in the store. The whole cask of powder immediately ignited. Half of the store was blown into the Androscoggin, and the other half into the street, the roof tumbling down in the middle. Mr. Boister's boy was immediately killed. One of the other young lads had his arm broken, and the third was badly burnt. The goods in the store were greatly damaged. *Portland Advertiser.*

IMPROVEMENT OF THE MARINER'S COMPASS.—By two adjustments, causing the cardinal points on a cord to correspond with the same points of the horizon, the mariner is saved the trouble of allowing for the variation in steering, and the expense of variation plates, &c. It will soon be before the public.

THE TEXIAN GOVERNMENT.—It is to be remembered that the names of the officers of government recently chosen in Texas are all Americans; not a single Mexican name on the list! What a fact, in confirmation of the origin and nature of the Texian struggle!

Luther Rice, an old and celebrated Minister of the American Baptist Church, and one of the founders of Columbia College, Washington, died in Edgefield District, South Carolina, on the 25th ult. after an illness of twenty days of an inflammation of the liver.

The new Silk Factory is to commence operations in Dedham this week. When in full operation it will run 1600 spindles, and employ 100 females.

It is stated in the Boston Daily Advertiser that the trade of Boston during the past year, greatly exceeds that of any former year.

The receipts of the Utica and Schenectada Railroad Company, for the 81 days ending on the 22d of October, amounted to \$115,000, rising \$1,400 per day.

There are types of 56 oriental dialects, and 10 of European nations, in the royal printing office at Paris. The presses of this establishment will work off 278,000 sheets per day, or 9,266 volumes of 36 sheets each. There are 350 hands employed.

Bishop Kemper has been successful in obtaining the requisite subscription in New York, for the proposed college in Missouri. The sum of \$20,000 was subscribed in 20 days.

EDITORIAL SUMMARY.

About 200 buildings, chiefly of brick and stone, have been erected or commenced, in the city of Buffalo, since the 1st of January last, at the expense of a million and a half of dollars.

Two thousand and thirty-nine bushels of wheat have just arrived at New-York, in the Westminster from London.

Large exportations of hay are making from Scotland to this country.

Brown University—highly flourishing—number of students, 196; seniors, 41; juniors, 45; sophomores, 60; freshmen, 43; in the partial course, 7.

Pageot, French charge d' affaires, has arrived at Washington, with his family.

After all the mighty efforts to produce the impression that Robert J. Breckenridge was triumphant in his late discussion, with George Thompson, of the American slavery question—at Glasgow, a talented, raving anti-abolitionist, an American correspondent of the New-York Commercial Advertiser, a raving anti-abolition print, "fears that no attempt of Mr. Breckenridge can produce any favorable influence on the minds of the people who were listeners to the debate."

He "apprehends that a majority of the auditors continued to sympathize with the former delegate to America."

It is supposed that the capital invested in the book publishing business, in the United States, amounts to eight millions of dollars.

It is said that Montgomery, the English poet, has taken to preaching the gospel.

The Methodist Bible Society has been dissolved, according to the recommendation of the General Conference, and the efforts of the Methodist church, in the Bible cause, are hereafter to be turned into the channel of the American Bible Society.

It is stated in the American Magazine that there is iron enough in the blood of 42 men to make a ploughshare weighing about 24 pounds! Say, chemists, how is it?

Thanksgiving in Rhode Island, 1st of December—in New-York, 15th of the same month.

The governor of Maryland has called an extra session of the legislature of that State, on account of the refusal of the "19" to enter electoral college for the choice of Senators.

Thanksgiving in Connecticut, Thursday, Nov. 24.

The legislature of Rhode Island distributes the surplus revenue among the banks of that State.

The cholera continues to be terribly destructive in Hungary.

Charles G. Finney has returned to New-York, from Oberlin, and has commenced his winter labors in the Broadway Tabernacle.

Three hogs were recently killed in this town by eating the skinnings of beef brine containing saltpetre.

The revenue of England shows an increase of twelve millions of dollars for 1836 over 1835.

WEEKLY RECEIPTS.

Stephen Hall	1,25	Widow Marsh	75
Bela Boel	2,00	G. S. Hinsdale	50
E. Burnham	2,50	J. Van Steensland	75
E. Burnham Jr.	2,50	Geo. H. Havens	1,50
A. Burnham	2,50	G. C. Havens	2,00
A. Hatch	2,50	Theron Storrs	2,00
C. Waldo	2,00	W. Brown	1,88
E. W. Avery	2,00	R. Calkins	2,00
John Hall	1,50	J. Barnes Jr.	75
James Barlow	1,50	Seth Town	1,50
E. C. Johnson	1,50	E. S. Newcomb	1,50
Wm. Branch	1,00	Job Dillingham	1,50
John Wray	1,50	E. Parker	1,50
Daniel Sutton	1,50	N. Woodward	1,50
F. W. Baldwin	1,00	E. P. Butler	1,50
Newcomb &	1,50	Ralph Parker	1,50
Woodward	1,50	Stevens Woods	1,50
E. Grover	1,50	William Eddy	1,50
Aaron Angier	1,25	A. B. Moore	2,50
James Green	1,50	Israel Ide	2,50
Daniel Green	1,50	M. C. Stone	2,00
John Rowell	2,00		

* Paid by Geo. H. Havens.

NOTICES.

MOTHERS' MONTHLY JOURNAL.

Second Volume.

Edited by Mrs. M. Kingford,

AND

Published by Bennett & Bright,

UTICA, N. Y.

The present volume of the Journal will expire with the year. The encouragement thus far received, and the inestimable importance of the object the work will aim to secure, have induced the publishers to proceed with the publication. They invite the aid of MOTHERS throughout the Union, in giving the work a wider circulation.

TERMS.

1. The "MOTHERS' MONTHLY JOURNAL" will be published on the first of every month, at one dollar per annum, payable in advance.

2. No subscription will be received for less than a year.

3. Agents, who obtain and transmit to the publishers the names of ten subscribers, with ten dollars, will be entitled to the eleventh copy gratis.

4. In forwarding the names of subscribers, great care should be taken in giving the Post-Office, County, and State, at which individuals wish to receive the Journal, correctly and legibly.

5. In no instance will the Journal be sent to subscribers without payment in advance.

6. Remittances of \$10 (in one bill) may be made at the expense of the publishers. In all other instances postage must be paid by subscribers.

Each number of the Journal will contain 16 large octavo pages—with printed cover. Postage under 100 miles 1-2 cents—over 100 miles 2-2 cents.

It is expected that those who are at present subscribers for the Journal and may desire to continue it, will renew their subscriptions before the close of the present volume.

The names of new subscribers should be forwarded by the 15th of December, to enable the publishers to determine how many of the January No. to issue.

All remittances should be made to "BENNETT & BRIGHT, Publishers, Utica, N. Y."

In this connection we take occasion to say that the money in our hands for the Journal, belonging to Harvey Hoyt and to John Rockwood, shall be forwarded before the commencement of the 2nd volume; also any other that may be sent to us in season, free of postage.—Ed. TEL.

NOTICE.—The next meeting of the Union River Ministerial Conference will be held at brother J. Ide's, in Hinesburgh, on the second Wednesday in December next, at 10 o'clock, A. M.

ESSAYS.

On the rules laid down in Matt. xviii. 15: Br. Angier.
On the No. 7, as used in scripture, Br. Walden.
On attributes and influences of the Devil, Br. Huntley.
On the forbidden fruit, Br. Ide.
On the guard that kept the way of the tree of life, Br. Stone.
Is the literal meaning of the scriptures their only meaning? Br. Beeman.